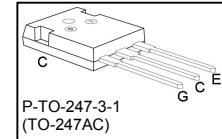
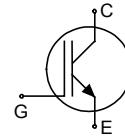


## Low Loss IGBT in Trench and Fieldstop technology

- Best in class TO247
- Short circuit withstand time – 10µs
- Designed for :
  - Frequency Converters
  - Uninterrupted Power Supply
- Trench and Fieldstop technology for 1200 V applications offers :
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- NPT technology offers easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in  $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$V_{CE(sat)}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{j,\max}$	Package	Ordering Code
IGW60T120	1200V	60A	1.9V	150°C	TO-247AC	Q67040-S4521

## Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CE}$	1200	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	100 60	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{j,\max}$	$I_{C_{puls}}$	150	
Turn off safe operating area	-	150	
$V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit withstand time <sup>1)</sup> $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 1200\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	$t_{SC}$	10	µs
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	375	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_j$	-40...+150 -55...+150	°C
Operating junction temperature			
Storage temperature			
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

<sup>1)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

**Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJC}$		0.33	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{thJA}$	TO-247AC	40	

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Static Characteristic**

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=3.0\text{mA}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C=60\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.9	2.4	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C=2.0\text{mA}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	5.0	5.8	6.5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE}=1200\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	0.6	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE}=0\text{V}, V_{GE}=20\text{V}$	-	-	600	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=60\text{A}$	-	30	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$R_{Gint}$			4		$\Omega$

**Dynamic Characteristic**

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{CE}=25V$ , $V_{GE}=0V$ , $f=1MHz$	-	3700	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	180	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	150	-	
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$	$V_{CC}=960V$ , $I_C=60A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	280	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$	TO-247AC	-	-	13	nH
Short circuit collector current <sup>1)</sup>	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V$ , $t_{SC}\leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC} = 600V$ , $T_j = 25^\circ C$	-	300	-	A

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=25^\circ C$** 

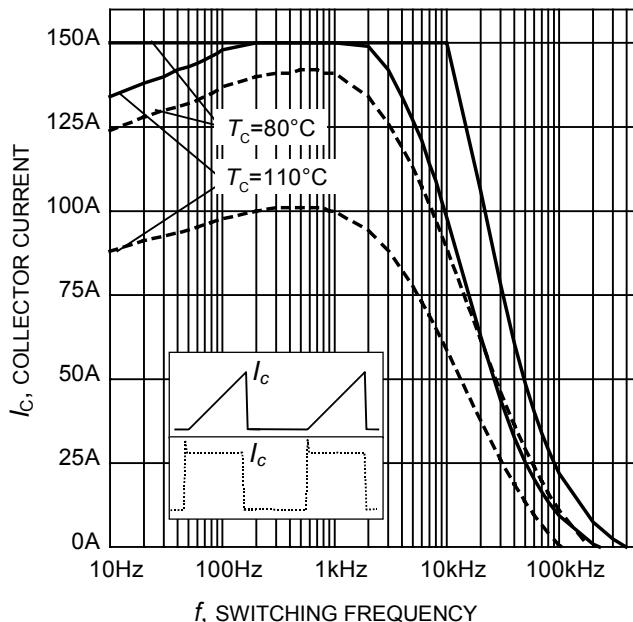
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ C$ ,	-	50	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$V_{CC}=600V$ , $I_C=60A$ ,	-	44	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{GE}=0/15V$ ,	-	480	-	
Fall time	$t_f$	$R_G=10\Omega$ ,	-	80	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$	$L_\sigma^{(2)}=180nH$ ,	-	4.3	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$	$C_\sigma^{(2)}=39pF$	-	5.2	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$	Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	9.5	-	

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=150^\circ C$** 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ C$	-	50	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$V_{CC}=600V$ , $I_C=60A$ ,	-	45	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{GE}=0/15V$ ,	-	600	-	
Fall time	$t_f$	$R_G=10\Omega$ ,	-	130	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$	$L_\sigma^{(2)}=180nH$ ,	-	6.4	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$	$C_\sigma^{(2)}=39pF$	-	9.4	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$	Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	15.8	-	

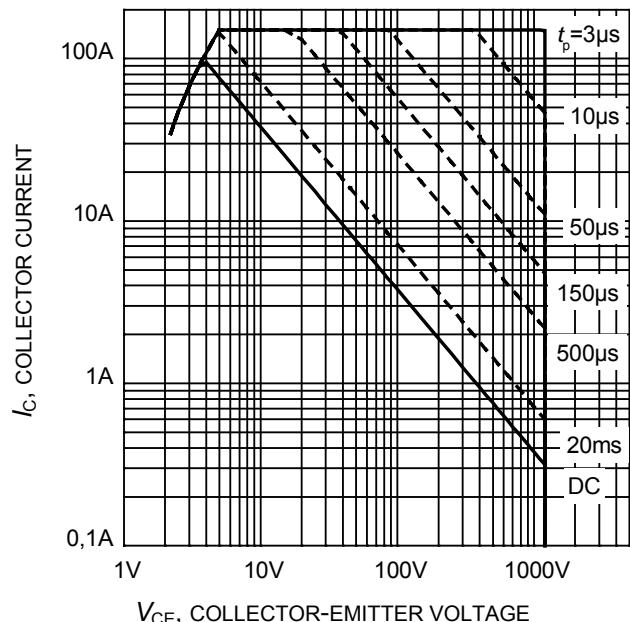
<sup>1)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

<sup>2)</sup> Leakage inductance  $L_\sigma$  and Stray capacity  $C_\sigma$  due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



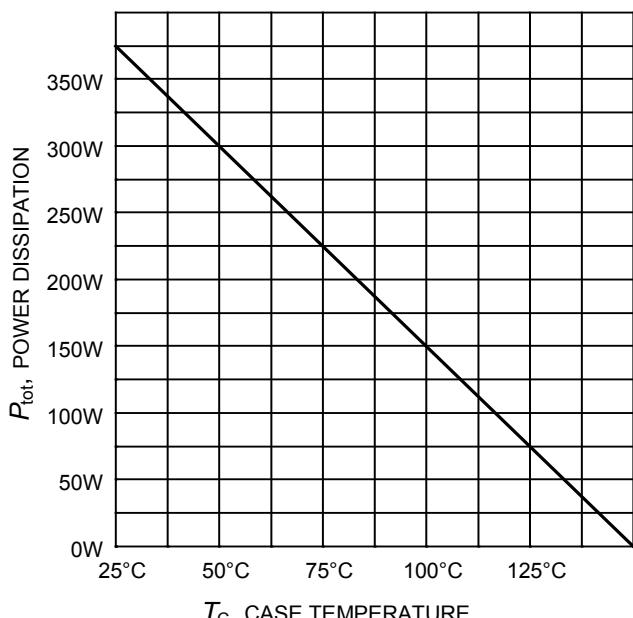
**Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency**

( $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $D = 0.5$ ,  $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 10\Omega$ )



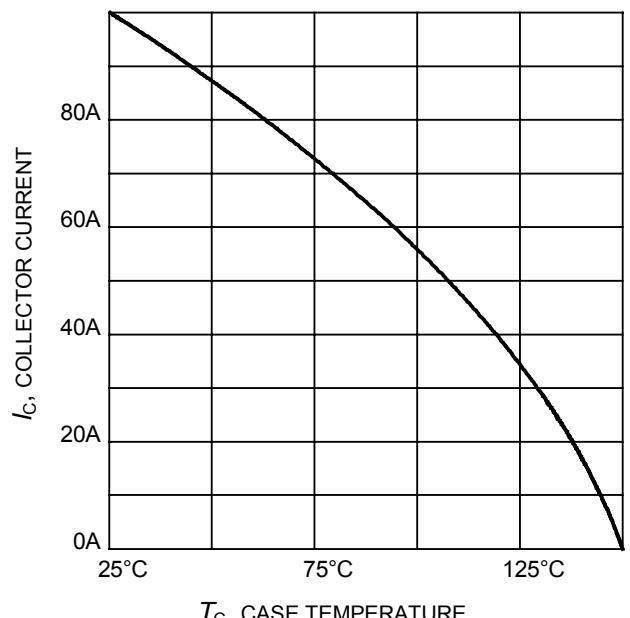
**Figure 2. Safe operating area**

( $D = 0$ ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ )



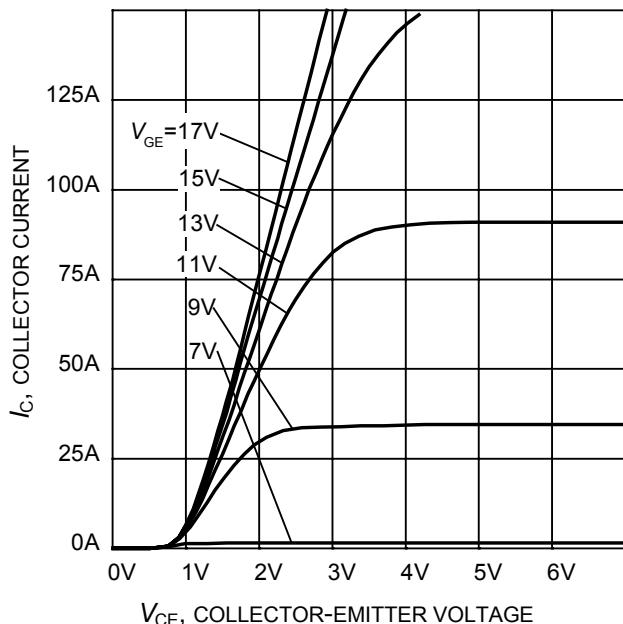
**Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**

( $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )

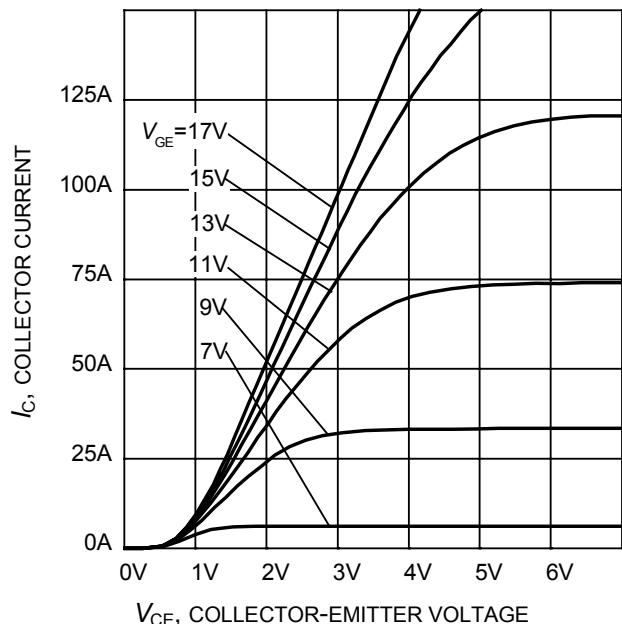


**Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature**

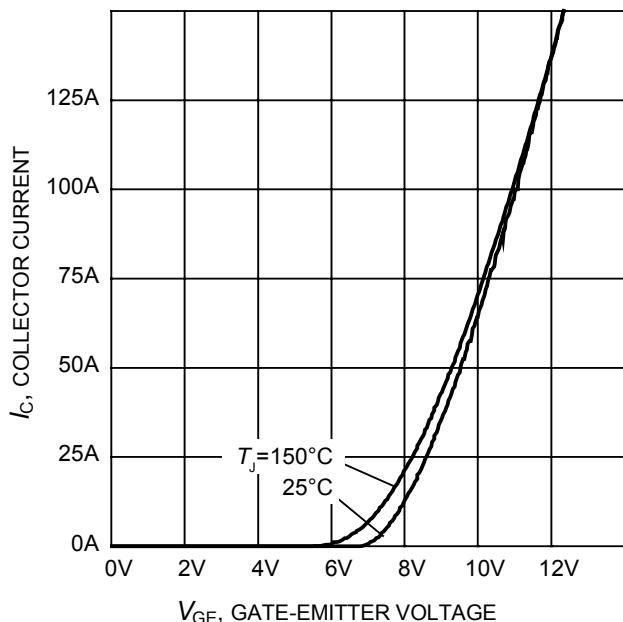
( $V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}$ ,  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )



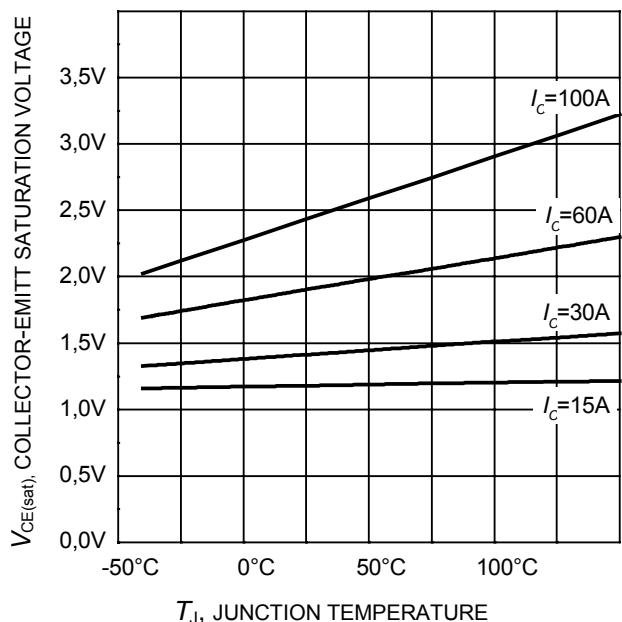
**Figure 5. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )



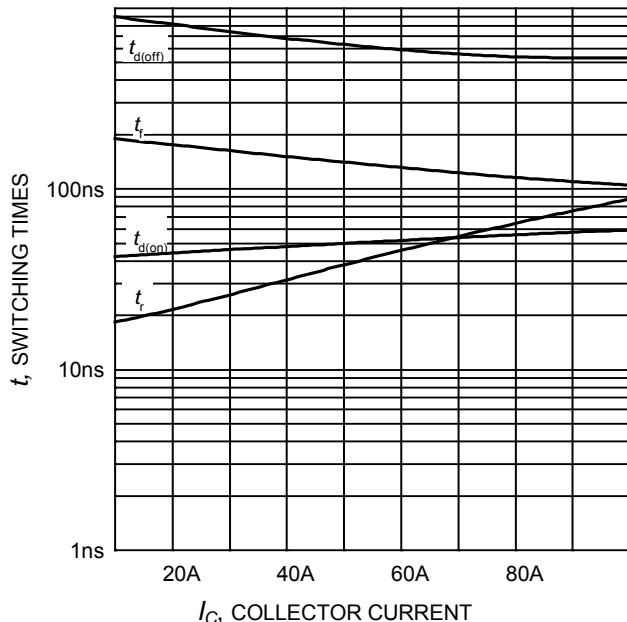
**Figure 6. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )



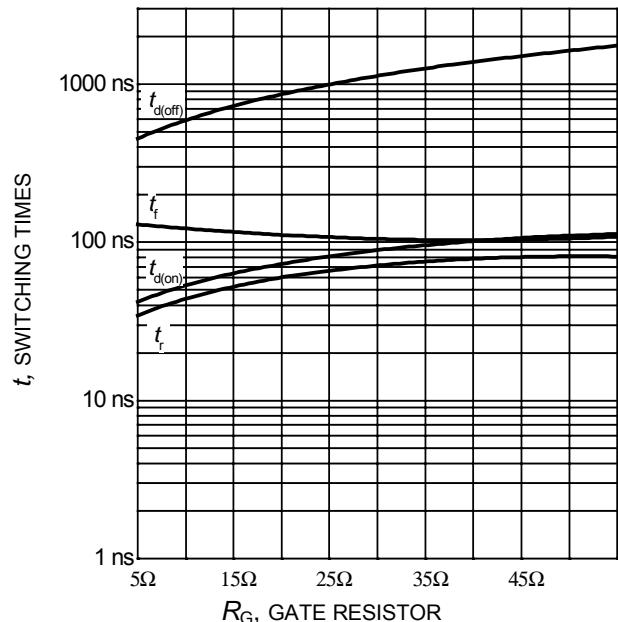
**Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic**  
( $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ )



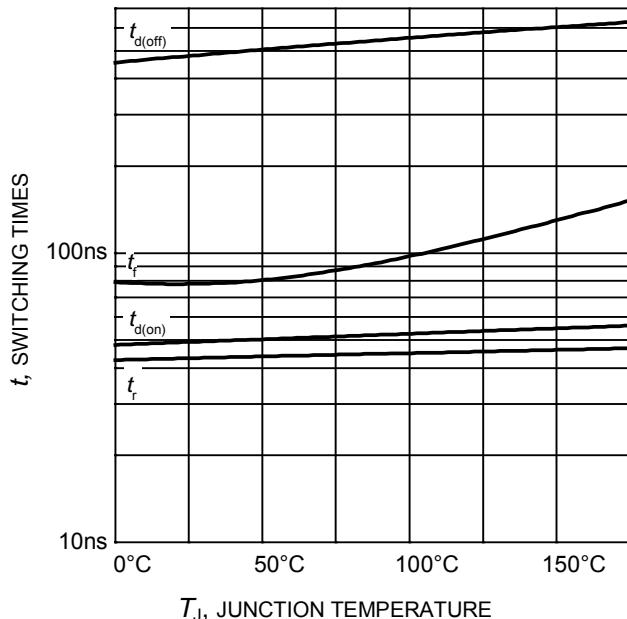
**Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ )



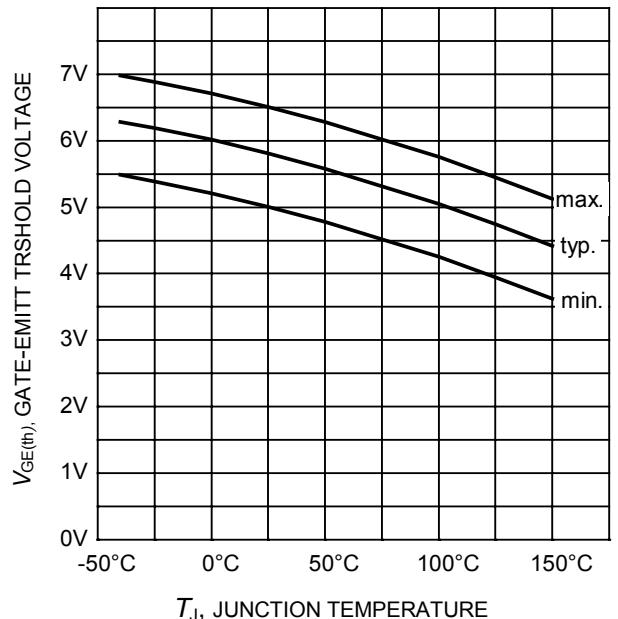
**Figure 9.** Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=10\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



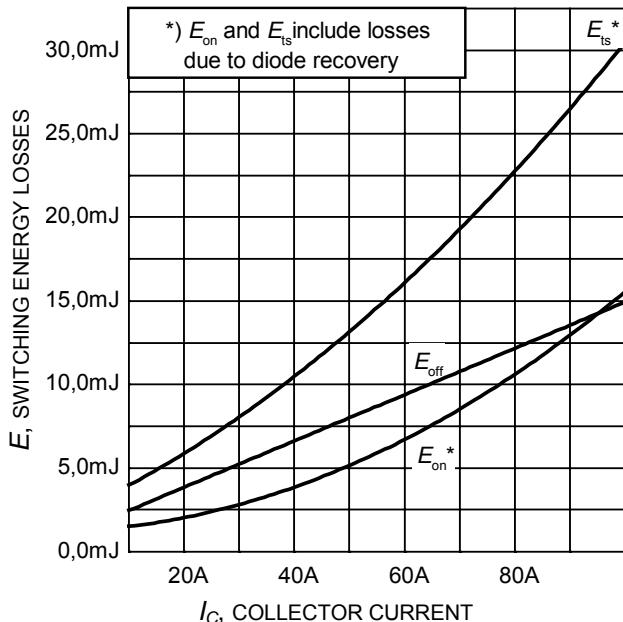
**Figure 10.** Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=60\text{A}$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



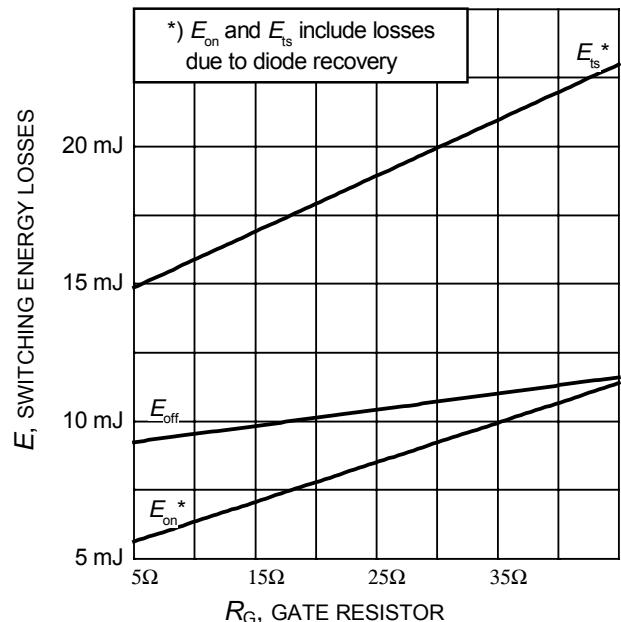
**Figure 11.** Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=60\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=10\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



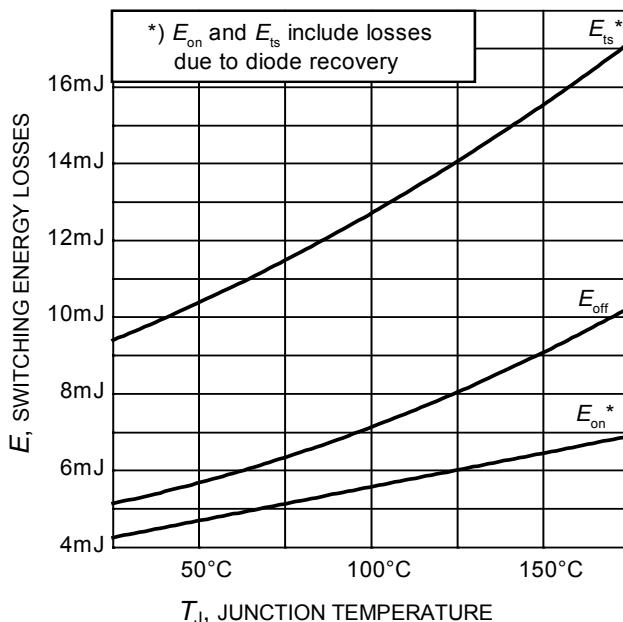
**Figure 12.** Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature  
( $I_C = 2.0\text{mA}$ )



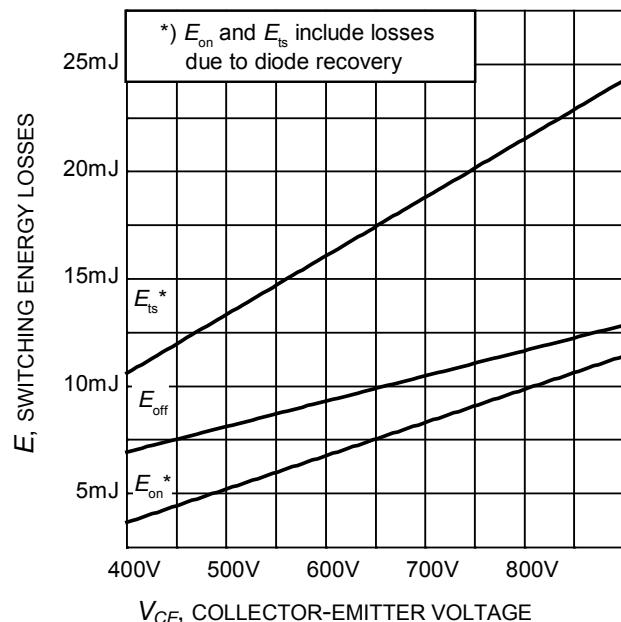
**Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=10\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



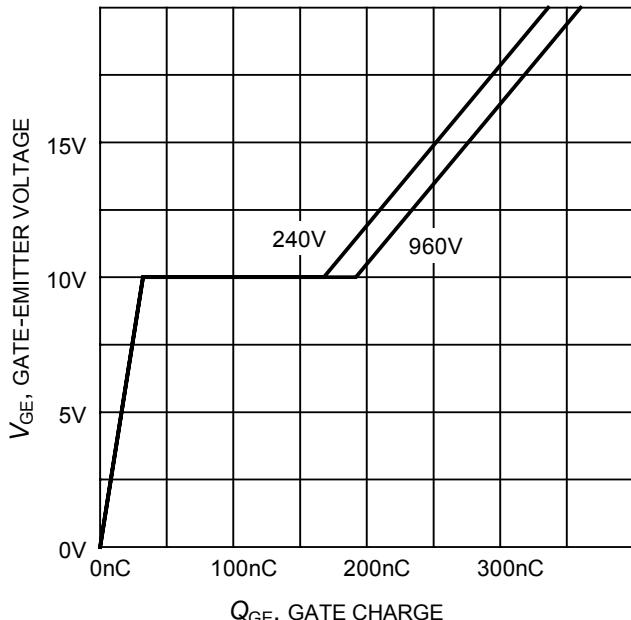
**Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=60\text{A}$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



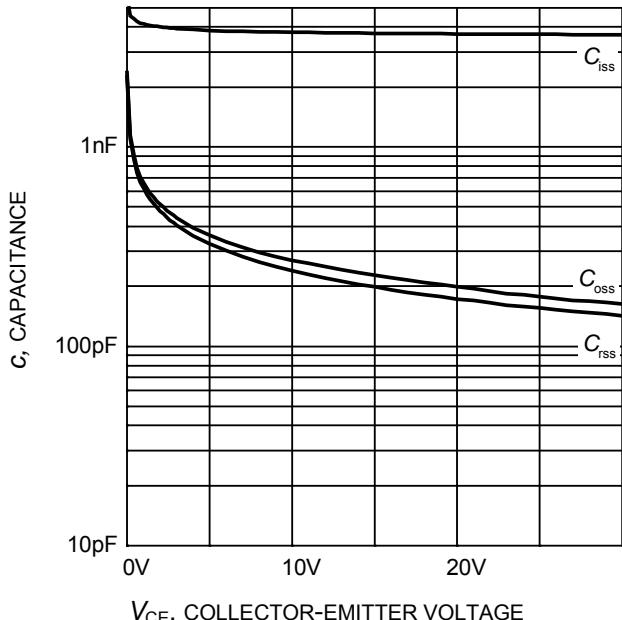
**Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=60\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=10\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



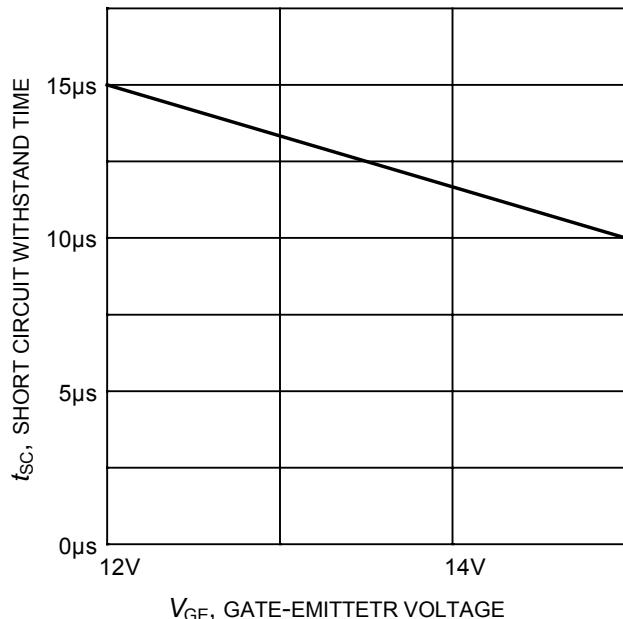
**Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=60\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=10\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



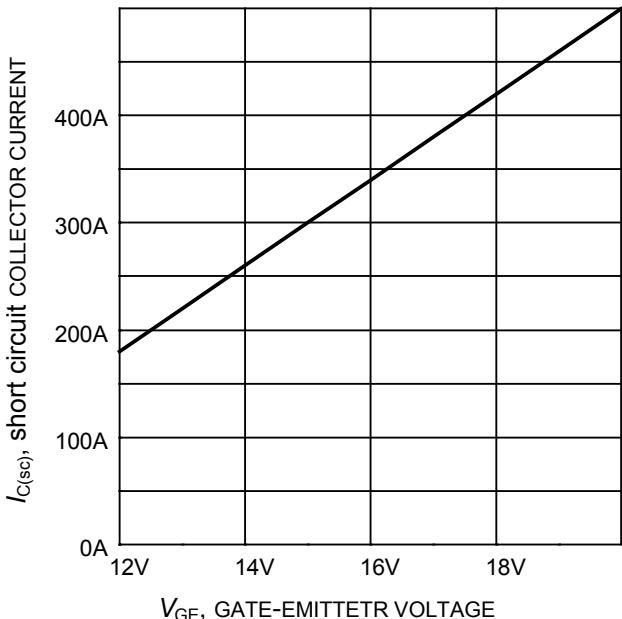
**Figure 17. Typical gate charge**  
( $I_C=60$  A)



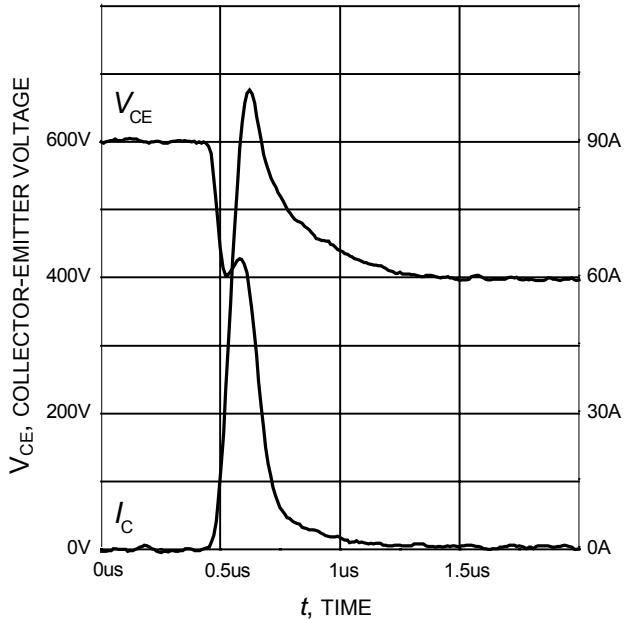
**Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{GE}=0$  V,  $f = 1$  MHz)



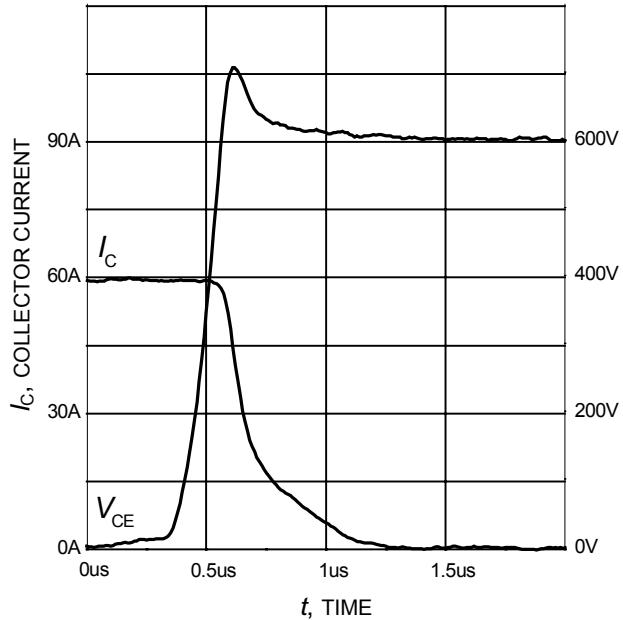
**Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE}=600$  V, start at  $T_j=25^\circ$ C)



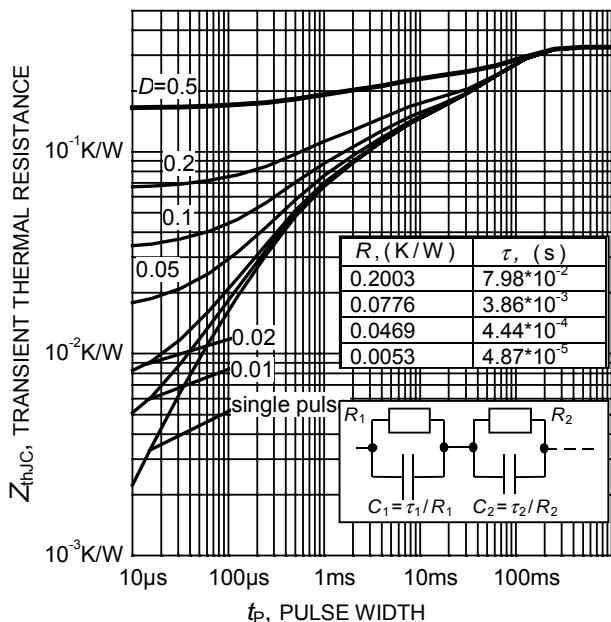
**Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE} \leq 600$  V,  $T_j \leq 150^\circ$ C)



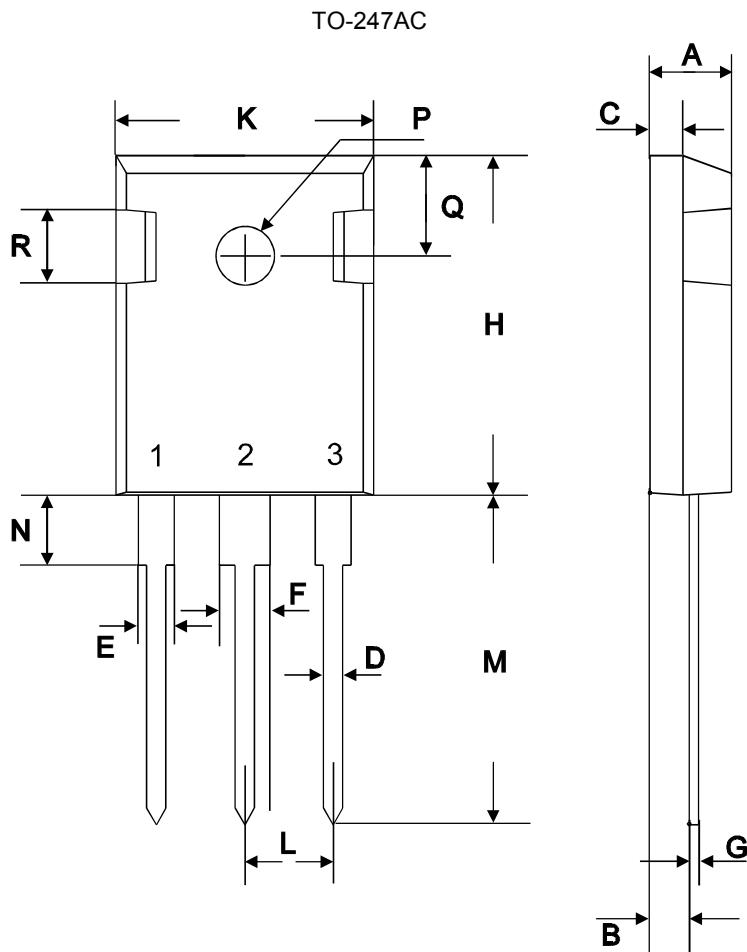
**Figure 21. Typical turn on behavior**  
 $(V_{GE}=0/15V, R_G=10\Omega, T_j = 150^\circ C,$   
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



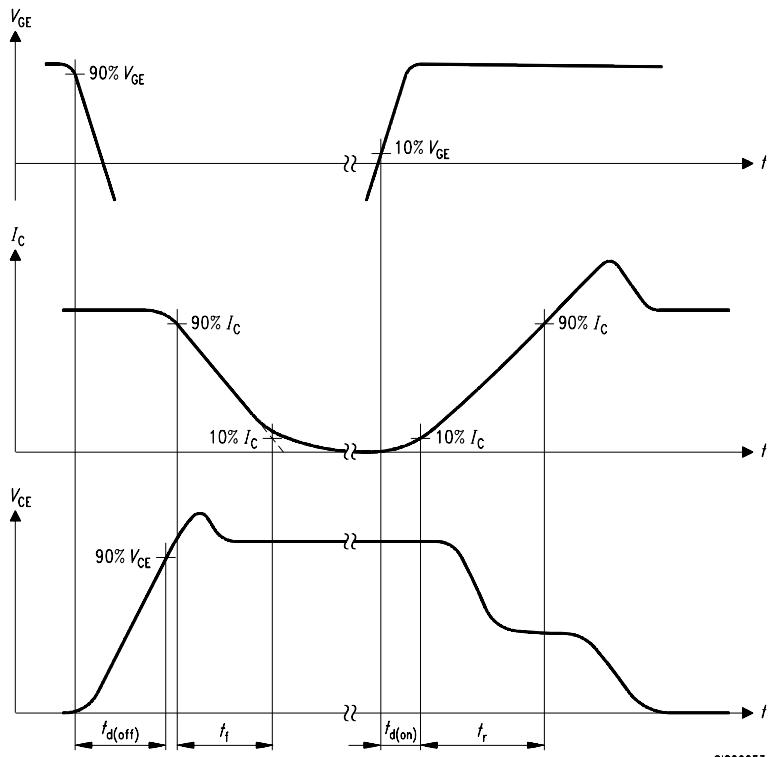
**Figure 22. Typical turn off behavior**  
 $(V_{GE}=15/0V, R_G=10\Omega, T_j = 150^\circ C,$   
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



**Figure 23. IGBT transient thermal resistance**  
 $(D = t_p / T)$

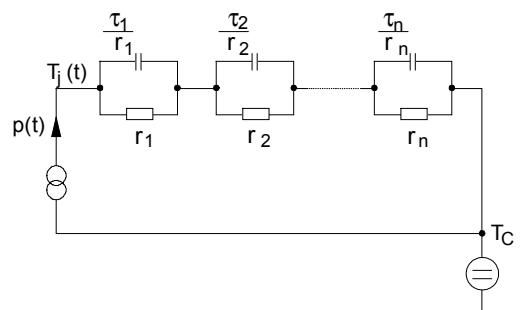


symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.78	5.28	0.1882	0.2079
B	2.29	2.51	0.0902	0.0988
C	1.78	2.29	0.0701	0.0902
D	1.09	1.32	0.0429	0.0520
E	1.73	2.06	0.0681	0.0811
F	2.67	3.18	0.1051	0.1252
G	0.76 max		0.0299 max	
H	20.80	21.16	0.8189	0.8331
K	15.65	16.15	0.6161	0.6358
L	5.21	5.72	0.2051	0.2252
M	19.81	20.68	0.7799	0.8142
N	3.560	4.930	0.1402	0.1941
ØP	3.61		0.1421	
Q	6.12	6.22	0.2409	0.2449

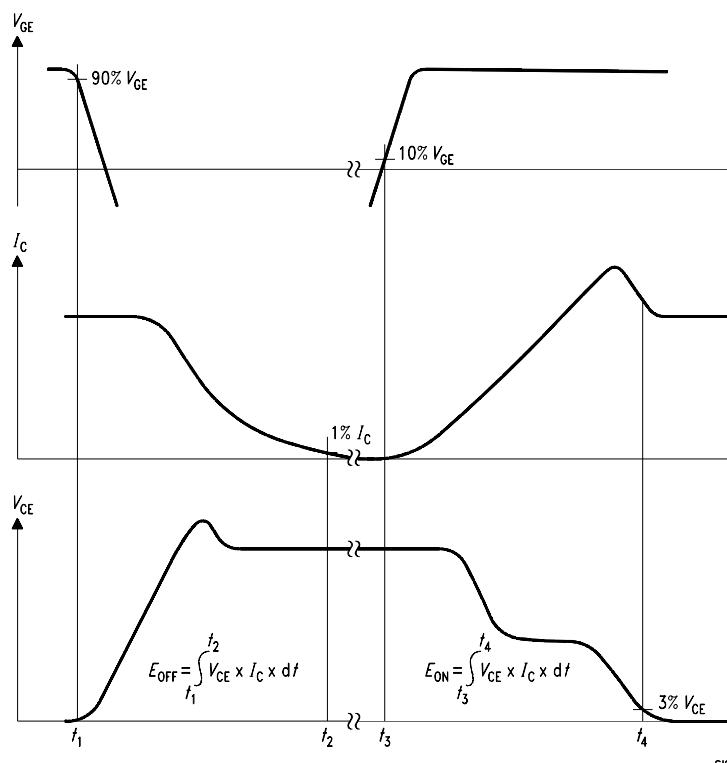


**Figure A. Definition of switching times**

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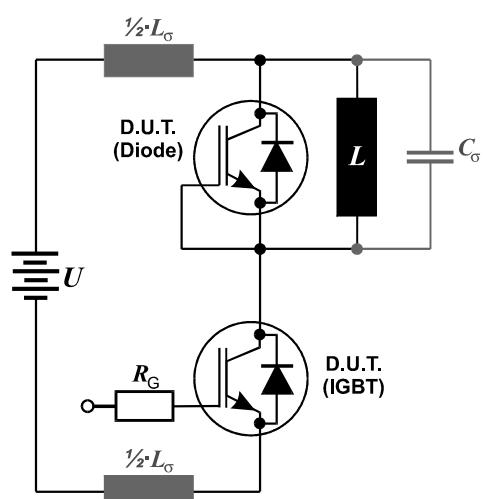


**Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit**



**Figure B. Definition of switching losses**

SIS



**Figure E. Dynamic test circuit**  
Leakage inductance  $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$  and Stray capacity  $C_\sigma = 39\text{pF}$ .



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