

CM150RX-12A

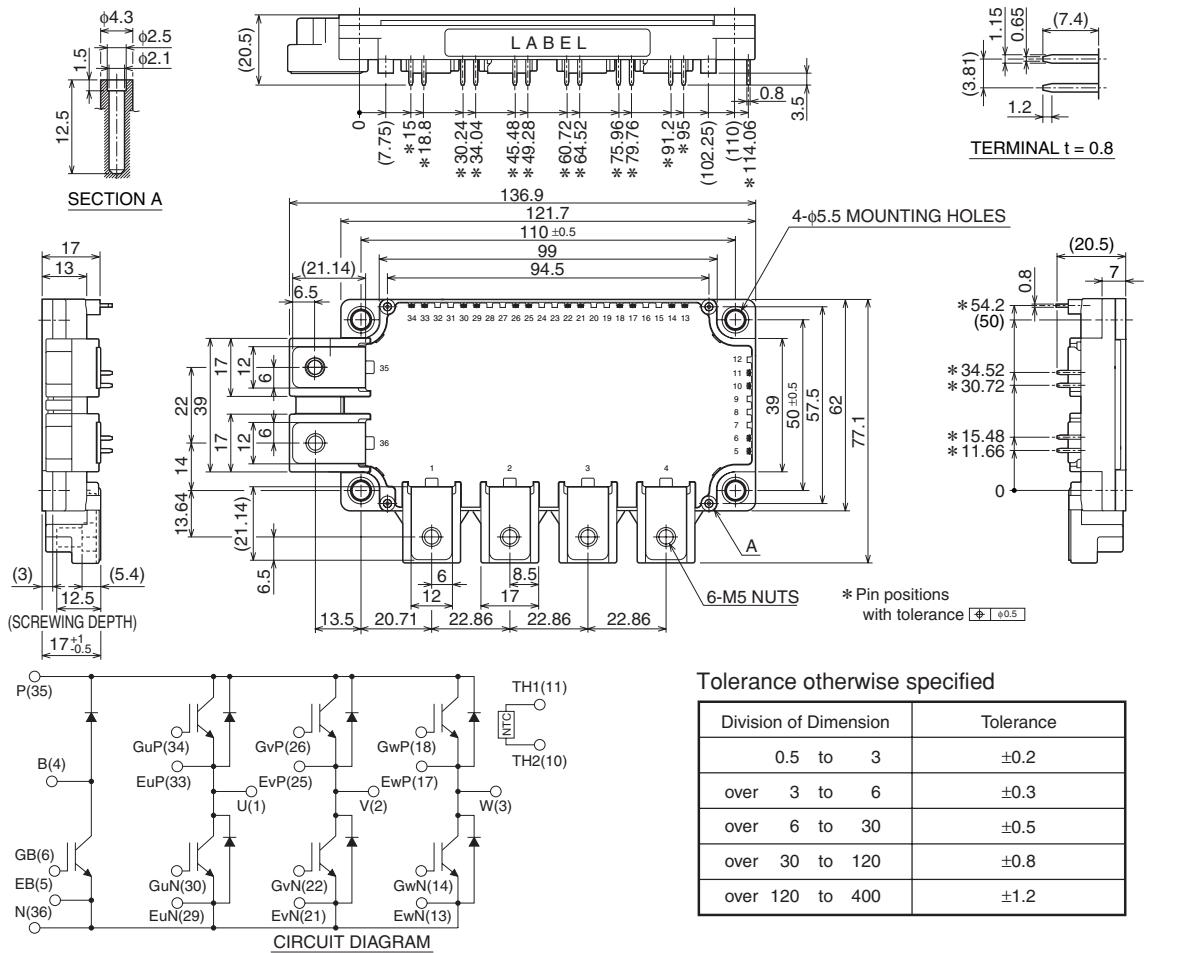
HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

CM150RX-12A

- I_c 150A
- V_{CES} 600V
- 7pack (3-phase Inverter + Brake)
- Flatbase Type / Insulated Package / Copper (non-plating) base plate
- RoHS Directive compliant

APPLICATION

General purpose Inverters, Servo Amplifiers

OUTLINE DRAWING & CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)****INVERTER PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V _{CES}	Collector-emitter voltage	G-E Short	600	V
V _{GES}	Gate-emitter voltage	C-E Short	±20	
I _C	Collector current	DC, T _C = 63°C	(Note. 1)	A
I _{CRM}		Pulse	(Note. 4)	
P _C	Maximum collector dissipation	T _C = 25°C	(Note. 1, 5)	W
I _E (Note.3)	Emitter current	T _C = 25°C	(Note. 1)	150
I _{ERM} (Note.3)	(Free wheeling diode forward current)	Pulse	(Note. 4)	300

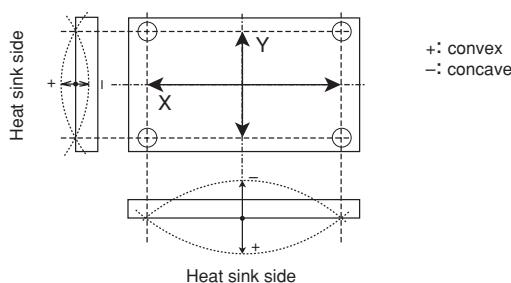
BRAKE PART

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V _{CES}	Collector-emitter voltage	G-E Short	600	V
V _{GES}	Gate-emitter voltage	C-E Short	±20	
I _C	Collector current	DC, T _C = 70°C	(Note. 1)	A
I _{CRM}		Pulse	(Note. 4)	
P _C	Maximum collector dissipation	T _C = 25°C	(Note. 1, 5)	W
V _{RMM} (Note.3)	Repetitive peak reverse voltage		600	V
I _F (Note.3)	Forward current	T _C = 25°C	(Note. 1)	75
I _{FRM} (Note.3)		Pulse	(Note. 4)	150

MODULE

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
T _j	Junction temperature		-40 ~ +150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-40 ~ +125	
V _{iso}	Isolation voltage	Terminals to base plate, f = 60Hz, AC 1 minute	2500	Vrms
—	Base plate flatness	On the centerline X, Y (Note. 8)	±0 ~ +100	μm
—	Torque strength	Main terminals M5 screw	2.5 ~ 3.5	N·m
—	Torque strength	Mounting M5 screw	2.5 ~ 3.5	
—	Weight	(Typical)	330	g

Note. 8: The base plate flatness measurement points are in the following figure.



HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)****INVERTER PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
ICES	Collector cutoff current	VCE = VCES, VGE = 0V	—	—	1	mA
VGE(th)	Gate-emitter threshold voltage	IC = 15mA, VCE = 10V	5	6	7	V
IGES	Gate leakage current	$\pm VGE = VGES, VCE = 0V$	—	—	0.5	μA
VCE(sat)	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	IC = 150A, VGE = 15V (Note. 6)	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.7	2.1
			$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.9	—
		IC = 150A, VGE = 15V	Chip	—	1.6	—
Cies	Input capacitance	VCE = 10V VGE = 0V (Note. 6)	—	—	18	nF
Coes	Output capacitance		—	—	2	
Cres	Reverse transfer capacitance		—	—	0.6	
QG	Total gate charge	VCC = 300V, IC = 150A, VGE = 15V	—	300	—	nC
td(on)	Turn-on delay time	VCC = 300V, IC = 150A VGE = $\pm 15V$, RG = 6.2 Ω Inductive load (IE = 150A)	—	—	120	ns
tr	Turn-on rise time		—	—	100	
td(off)	Turn-off delay time		—	—	350	
tf	Turn-off fall time		—	—	600	
trr (Note.3)	Reverse recovery time		—	—	200	
Qrr (Note.3)	Reverse recovery charge		—	5	—	μC
VEC(Note.3)	Emitter-collector voltage	IE = 150A, VGE = 0V (Note. 6)	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	2.0	2.8
			$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.95	—
		IE = 150A, VGE = 0V	Chip	—	1.9	—
Rth(j-c)Q	Thermal resistance (Note. 1) (Junction to case)	per IGBT	—	—	0.24	K/W
Rth(j-c)R		per free wheeling diode	—	—	0.46	
RGint	Internal gate resistance	TC = 25°C, per switch	—	0	—	Ω
RG	External gate resistance		4.1	—	41	

BRAKE PART

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
ICES	Collector cutoff current	VCE = VCES, VGE = 0V	—	—	1	mA
VGE(th)	Gate-emitter threshold voltage	IC = 7.5mA, VCE = 10V	5	6	7	V
IGES	Gate leakage current	$\pm VGE = VGES, VCE = 0V$	—	—	0.5	μA
VCE(sat)	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	IC = 75A, VGE = 15V (Note. 6)	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.7	2.1
			$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.9	—
		IC = 75A, VGE = 15V	Chip	—	1.6	—
Cies	Input capacitance	VCE = 10V VGE = 0V (Note. 6)	—	—	9.3	nF
Coes	Output capacitance		—	—	1.0	
Cres	Reverse transfer capacitance		—	—	0.3	
QG	Total gate charge	VCC = 300V, IC = 75A, VGE = 15V	—	200	—	nC
Irrm(Note.3)	Repetitive peak reverse current	VR = VRM	—	—	1	mA
Vfm(Note.3)	Forward voltage drop	IF = 75A (Note. 6)	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	2.0	2.8
			$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.95	—
		IF = 75A	Chip	—	1.9	—
Rth(j-c)Q	Thermal resistance (Note. 1) (Junction to case)	per IGBT	—	—	0.44	K/W
Rth(j-c)R		per Clamp diode	—	—	0.85	
RGint	Internal gate resistance	TC = 25°C	—	0	—	Ω
RG	External gate resistance		8.0	—	83	

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE**NTC THERMISTOR PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
R	Zero power resistance	T _C = 25°C	4.85	5.00	5.15	kΩ
ΔR/R	Deviation of resistance	T _C = 100°C, R ₁₀₀ = 493Ω	-7.3	—	+7.8	%
B(25/50)	B constant	Approximate by equation (Note. 7)	—	3375	—	K
P ₂₅	Power dissipation	T _C = 25°C	—	—	10	mW

MODULE

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
R _{th(c-f)}	Contact thermal resistance (Case to fin) (Note. 1)	Thermal grease applied per 1 module (Note. 2)	—	0.015	—	K/W

Note. 1: Case temperature (T_C), heat sink temperature (T_f) measured point is just under the chips. (Refer to the figure of the chip location.)

2: Typical value is measured by using thermally conductive grease of $\lambda = 0.9\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$.

3: I_E, I_{ERM}, V_{EC}, t_r and Q_{rr} represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-collector free wheeling diode (FWD_i).

I_f, I_{FIRM}, V_F, V_{RRM} and I_{RRM} represent ratings and characteristics of the Clamp diode of Brake part.

4: Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that the device junction temperature (T_j) dose not exceed T_{jmax} rating.

5: Junction temperature (T_j) should not increase beyond 150°C.

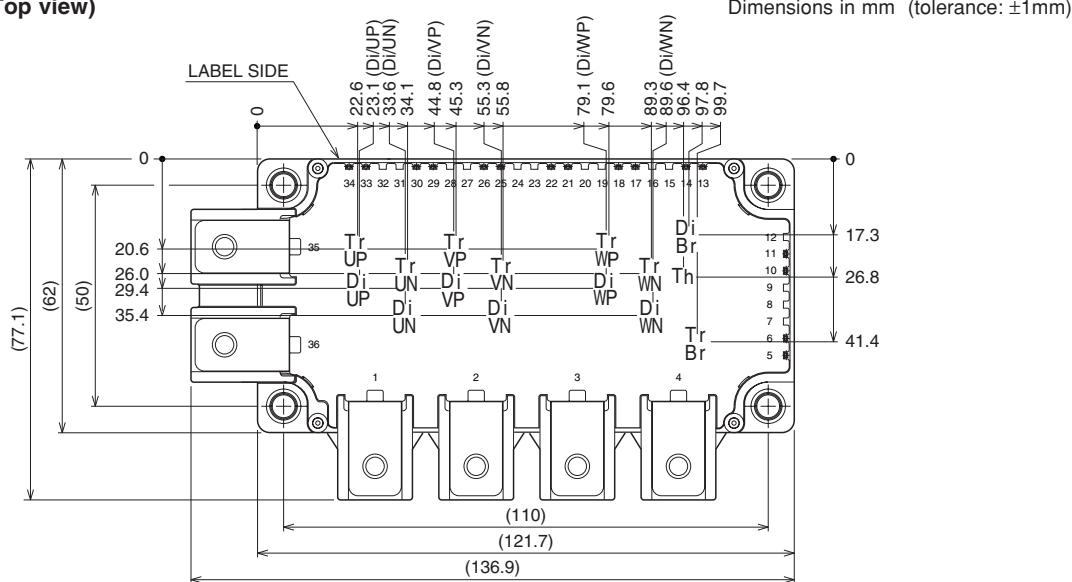
6: Pulse width and repetition rate should be such as to cause negligible temperature rise.

(Refer to the figure of the test circuit for V_{CE(sat)} and V_{EC})

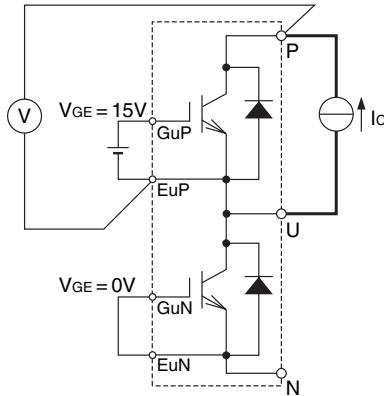
$$7: B(25/50) = \ln\left(\frac{R_{25}}{R_{50}}\right) / \left(\frac{1}{T_{25}} - \frac{1}{T_{50}}\right)$$

R₂₅: resistance at absolute temperature T₂₅ [K]; T₂₅ = 25 [°C] + 273.15 = 298.15 [K]

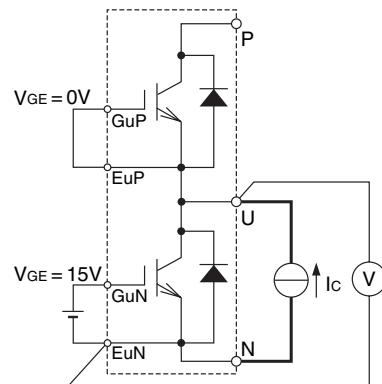
R₅₀: resistance at absolute temperature T₅₀ [K]; T₅₀ = 50 [°C] + 273.15 = 323.15 [K]

Chip Location (Top view)

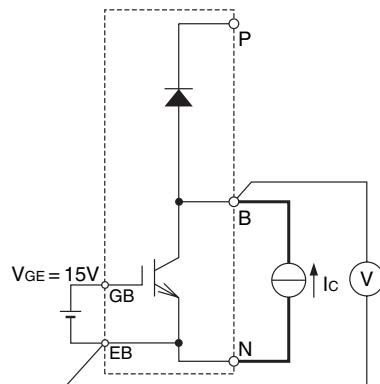
Each mark points the center position of each chip. Tr**: IGBT, Di**: FWD_i (DiBr: Clamp diode), Th: NTC thermistor

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

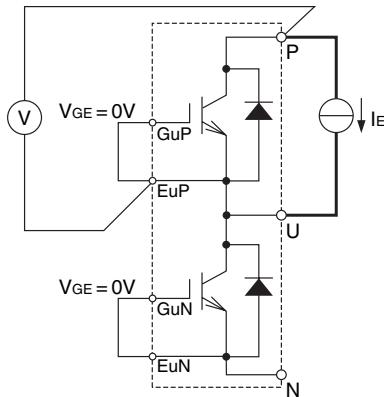
P side Inverter part Tr
(example of U arm)
 $V_{GE} = 0V(GvP-EvP, GwP-EwP, GvN-EvN,
GwN-EwN, GB-EB)$



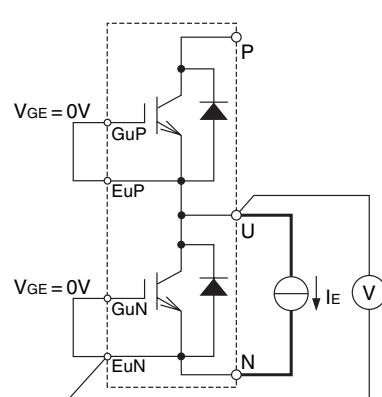
N side Inverter part Tr
(example of U arm)
 $V_{GE} = 0V(GvP-EvP, GwP-EwP, GvN-EvN,
GwN-EwN, GB-EB)$



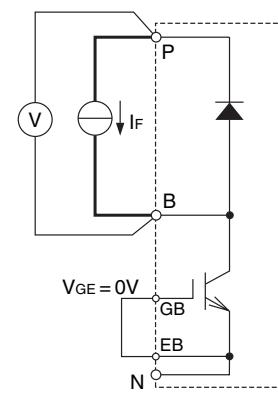
Br Tr
 $V_{GE} = 0V(GuP-EuP, GvP-EvP, GwP-EwP,
GuN-EuN, GvN-EvN, GwN-EwN)$

 $V_{CE(sat)}$ test circuit

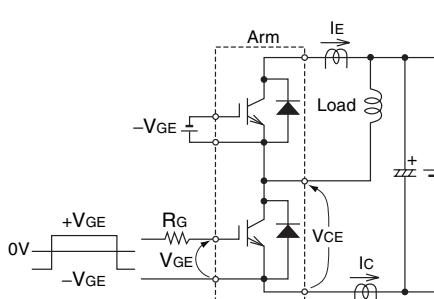
P side Inverter part Di
(example of U arm)
 $V_{GE} = 0V(GvP-EvP, GwP-EwP, GvN-EvN,
GwN-EwN, GB-EB)$



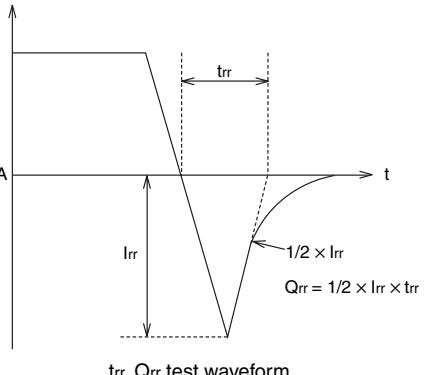
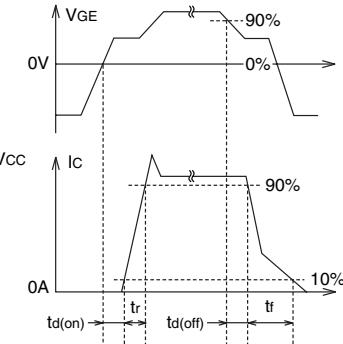
N side Inverter part Di
(example of U arm)
 $V_{GE} = 0V(GvP-EvP, GwP-EwP, GvN-EvN,
GwN-EwN, GB-EB)$



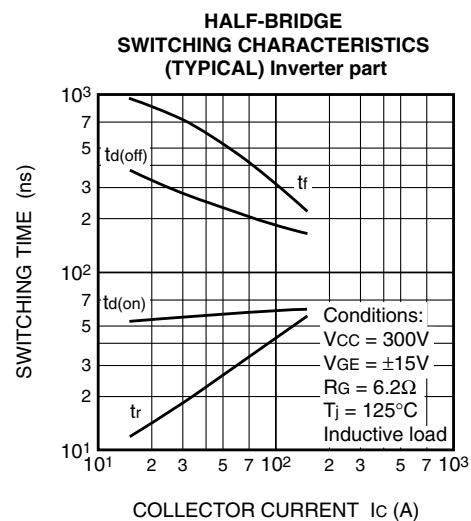
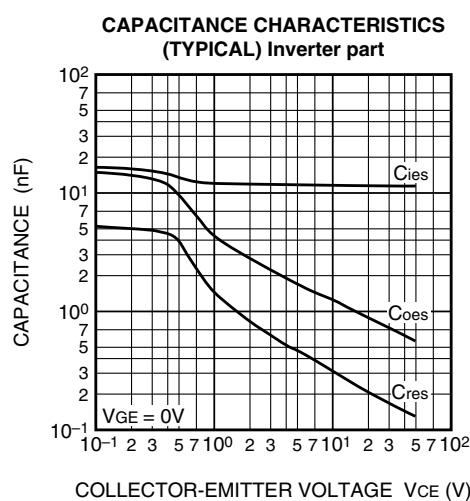
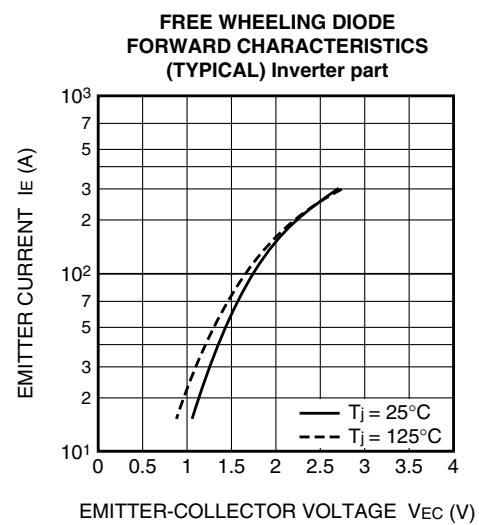
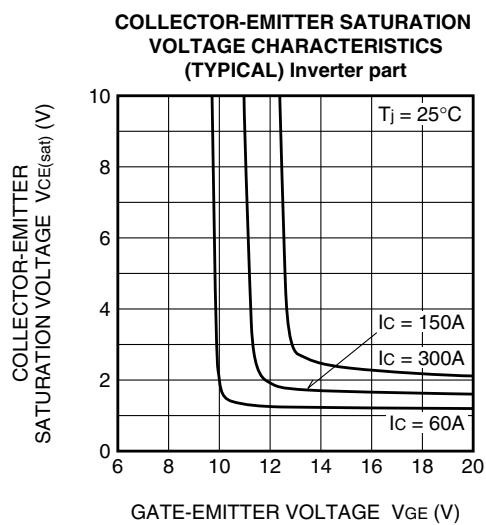
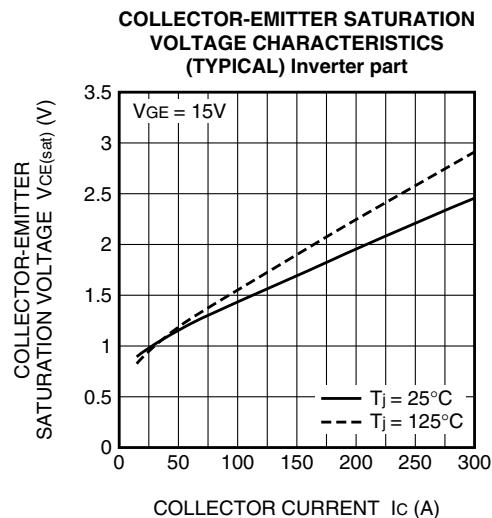
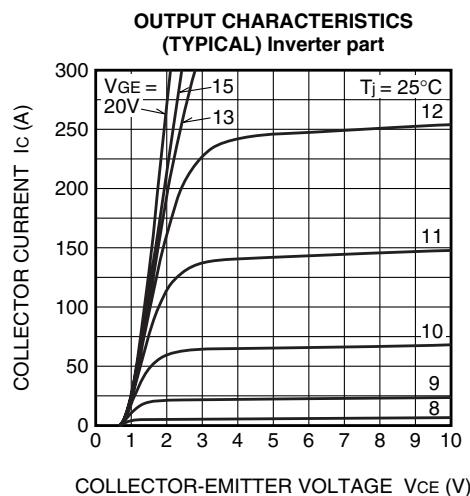
Br Di
 $V_{GE} = 0V(GuP-EuP, GvP-EvP, GwP-EwP,
GuN-EuN, GvN-EvN, GwN-EwN)$

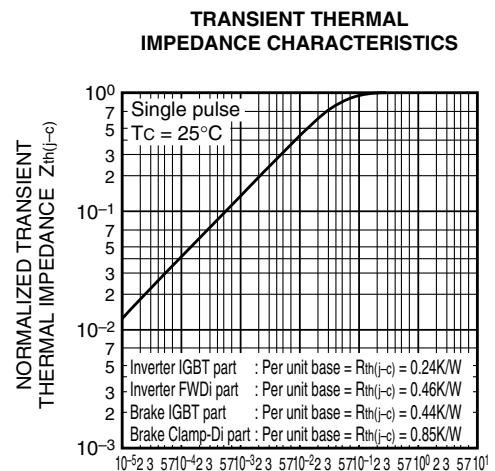
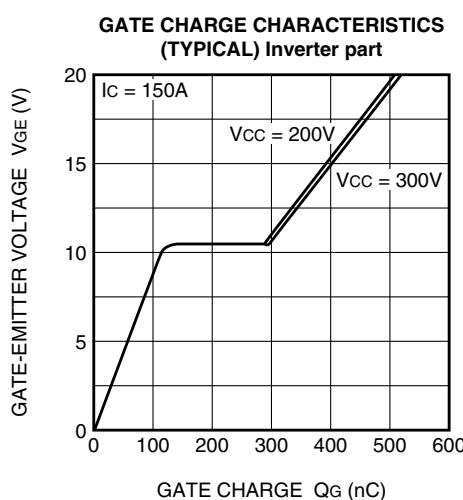
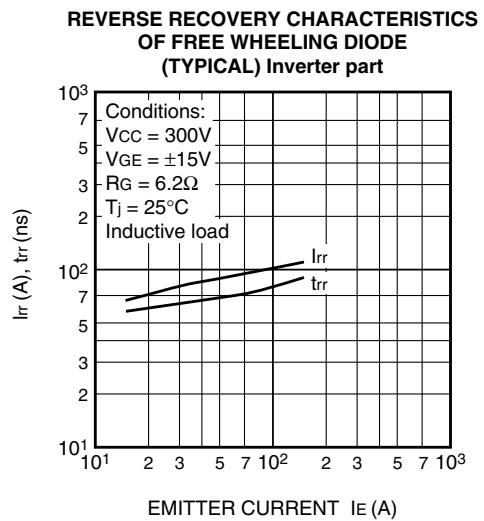
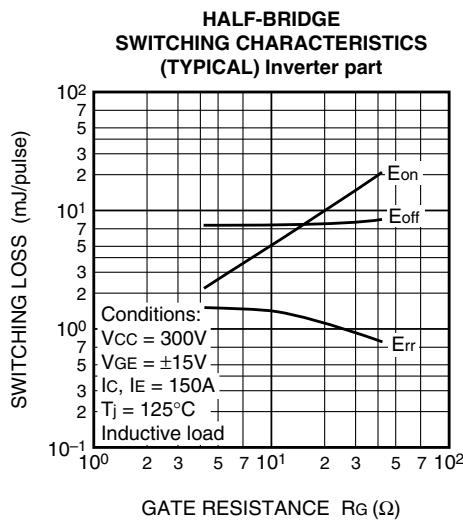
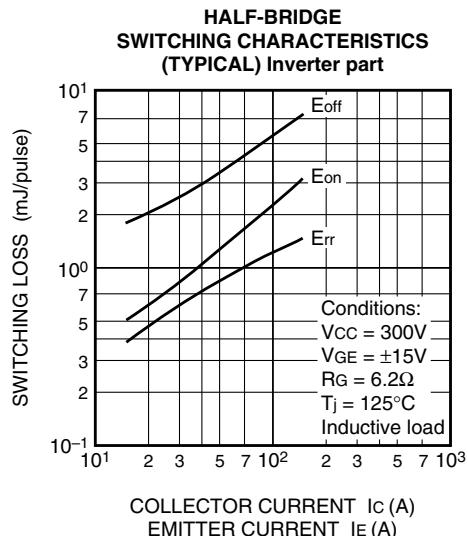
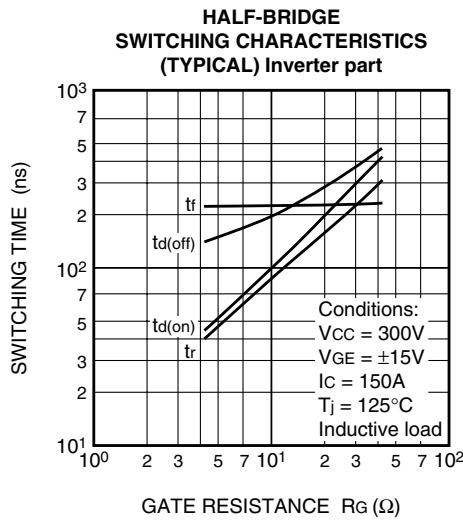
 V_{EC}/V_{FM} test circuit

Switching time test circuit and waveforms



trr, Qrr test waveform

PERFORMANCE CURVES

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE